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CHEMISTRY QUESTION PAPER WITH SOLUTION (CODE – PAPER 1)



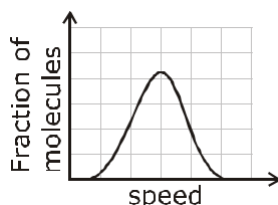
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SECTION 1 (Maximum Marks : 18)

- This section contains **SIX** (06) questions.
 - Each question has **FOUR** options. **ONLY ONE** of these four options is the correct answer.
 - For each question, choose the option corresponding to the correct answer.
 - Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme:
Full marks : +3 If ONLY the correct option is chosen;
Zero Marks : 0 If none of the options is chosen (i.e. the question is unanswered);
Negative Marks : -1 In all other cases.
-

1. If the distribution of molecular speeds of a gas is as per the figure shown below, then the ratio of the most probable, the average, and the root mean square speeds, respectively, is



- (A) 1:1:1 (B) 1 : 1 : 1.224
(C) 1 : 1.128 : 1.224 (D) 1 : 1.128 : 1

Ans. B

2. Which of the following liberates O_2 upon hydrolysis?

- (A) Pb_3O_4 (B) KO_2 (C) Na_2O_2 (D) Li_2O_2

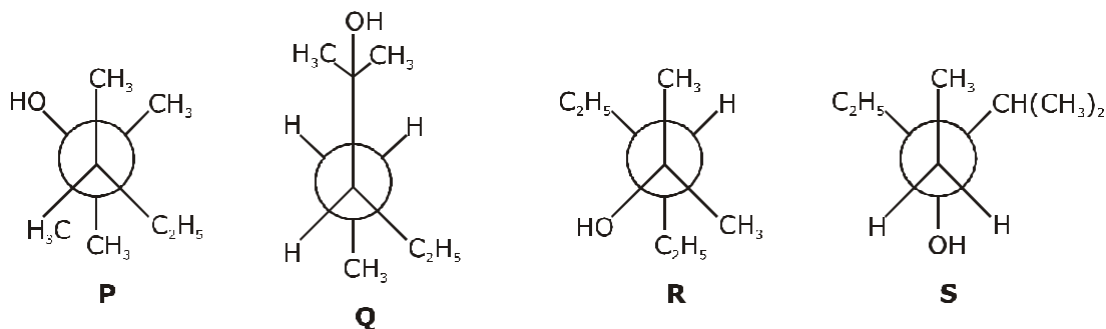
Ans. B

3. A colorless aqueous solution contains nitrates of two metals, X and Y. When it was added to an aqueous solution of $NaCl$, a white precipitate was formed. This precipitate was found to be partly soluble in hot water to give a residue P and a solution Q. The residue P was soluble in aq. NH_3 and also in excess sodium thiosulfate. The hot solution Q gave a yellow precipitate with KI . The metals X and Y, respectively, are

- (A) Ag and Pb (B) Ag and Cd (C) Cd and Pb (D) Cd and Zn

Ans. A

4. Newman projections P, Q, R and S are shown below :

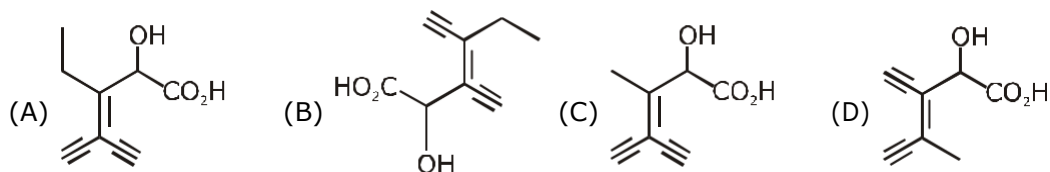


Which one of the following options represents identical molecules ?

- (A) P and Q (B) Q and S (C) Q and R (D) R and S

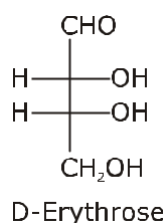
Ans. C

5. Which one of the following structures has the IPUAC name 3-ethynyl-2-hydroxy-4-methylhex-3-en-5-ynoic acid ?



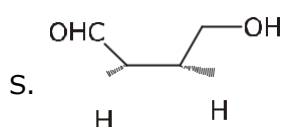
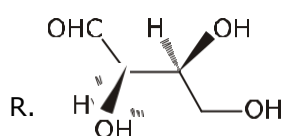
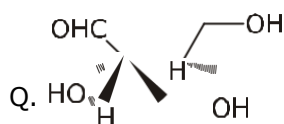
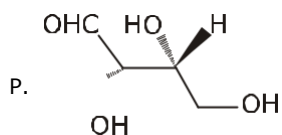
Ans. D

6. The Fischer projection of D-erythrose is shown below :



D-Erythrose and its isomers are listed as P, Q, R, and S in Column-I. Choose the correct relationship of P, Q, R, and S with D-erythrose from Column II.

Column – I



(A) P 2, Q 3, R 2, S 2, Q

(C) P 1, R 1, S 3

Column – II

1. Diastereomer

2. Identical

3. Enantiomer

(B) P 3, Q 1, R 1, S 2

(D) P 2, Q 3, R 3, S 1

Ans. **C**

SECTION 2 (Maximum Marks : 24)

- This section contains **SIX** (06) questions.
- Each question has **FOUR** options. **ONE OR MORE THAN ONE** of these four options(s) is (are) correct answer(s).
- For each question, choose the option(s) corresponding to (all) the correct answer(s).
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme :

Full marks	: +4	If only (all) the correct option(s) is (are) chosen;
Partial Marks	: +3	If all the four options are correct but ONLY three options are chosen;
Partial Marks	: +2	If three or more options are correct but ONLY two options are chosen, both of which are correct;
Partial Marks	: +1	If two or more options are correct but ONLY one option is chosen and it is a correct option;
Zero Marks	: 0	If none of the options is chosen (i.e. the question is unanswered);
Negative Marks	: -2	In all other cases.

7. In thermodynamics, the P-V work done is given by $\int P \, dV$.

For a system undergoing a particular process, the work done is, $w = \int_{V_1}^{V_2} P \, dV$

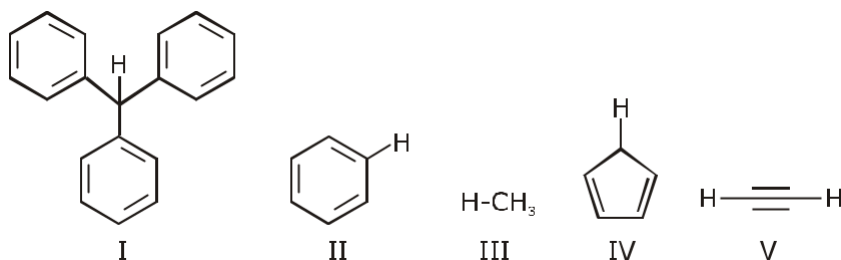
$$P = \frac{RT}{V-b} - \frac{a}{V^2}$$

This equation is applicable to a

- (A) system that satisfies the van der Waals equation of state.
- (B) process that is reversible and isothermal.
- (C) process that is reversible and adiabatic.
- (D) process that is irreversible and at constant pressure.

Ans. A, B, C

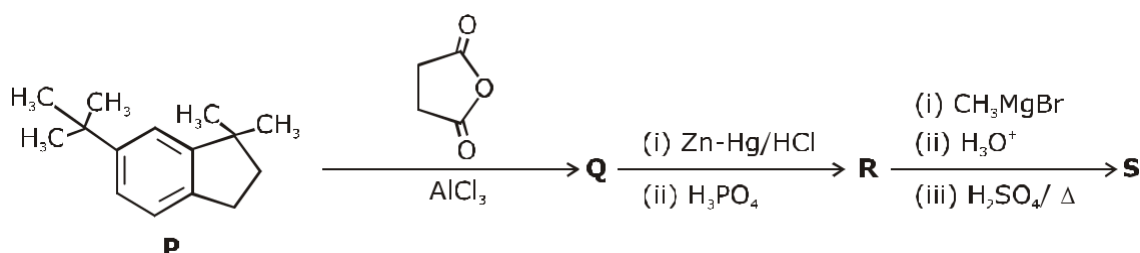
8. With respect to the compounds I-V, choose the correct statement(s).



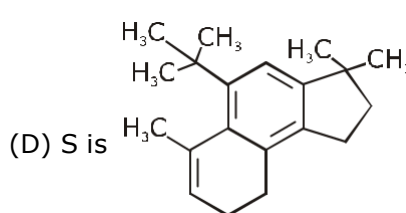
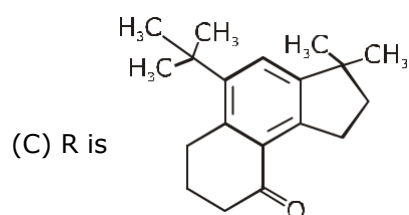
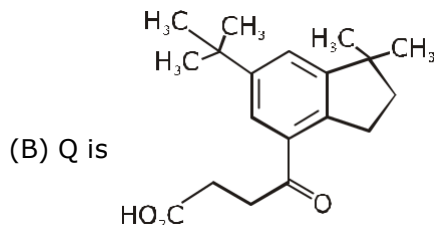
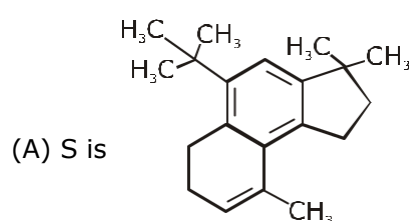
- (A) The acidity of compound I is due to delocalization in the conjugate base.
- (B) The conjugate base of compound IV is aromatic.
- (C) Compound II becomes more acidic, when it has a $-\text{NO}_2$ substituent.
- (D) The acidity of compounds follows the order $\text{I} > \text{IV} > \text{V} > \text{II} > \text{III}$.

Ans. A, B, C

9. In the reaction scheme shown below, Q, R and S are the major products.



The correct structure of



Ans. B,D

10. Choose the correct statement(s) among the following:

- (A) $[\text{FeCl}_4]^-$ has tetrahedral geometry.
- (B) $[\text{Co}(\text{en})(\text{NH}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2]^+$ has 2 geometrical isomers.
- (C) $[\text{FeCl}_4]^-$ has higher spin-only magnetic moment than $[\text{Co}(\text{en})(\text{NH}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2]^+$.
- (D) The cobalt ion in $[\text{Co}(\text{en})(\text{NH}_3)_2\text{Cl}_2]^+$ has sp^3d^2 hybridization.

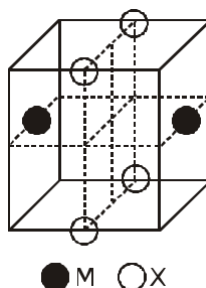
Ans. A,C

11. With respect to hypochlorite, chlorate and perchlorate ions, choose the correct statement(s).

- (A) The hypochlorite ion is the strongest conjugate base.
- (B) The molecular shape of only chlorate ion is influenced by the lone pair of electrons of Cl.
- (C) The hypochlorite and chlorate ions disproportionate to give rise to identical set of ions.
- (D) The hypochlorite ion oxidizes the sulfite ion.

Ans. A,B,D

12. The cubic unit cell structure of a compound containing cation M and anion X is shown below. When compared to the anion, the cation has smaller ionic radius. Choose the correct statement(s).



- (A) The empirical formula of the compound is MX.
 (B) The cation M and anion X have different coordination geometries.
 (C) The ratio of M-X bond length to the cubic unit cell edge length is 0.866.
 (D) The ratio of the ionic radii of cation M to anion X is 0.414.

Ans. A,C

SECTION 3 (Maximum Marks: 24)

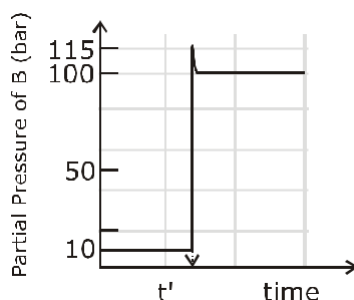
- This section contains **SIX (06)** questions. The answer to each question is a **NUMERICAL VALUE**.
- For each question, enter the correct numerical value of the answer using the mouse and the on-screen virtual numeric keypad in the place designated to enter the answer. If the numerical value has more than two decimal places, truncate/round -off the value to **TWO** decimal places.
- Answer to each question will be evaluated according to the following marking scheme :
 Full marks : +4 If ONLY the correct numerical value is entered;
 Zero Marks : 0 In all other cases.

13. 5.00 mL of 0.10 M oxalic acid solution taken in a conical flask is titrated against NaOH from a burette using phenolphthalein indicator. The volume of NaOH required for the appearance of permanent faint pink color is tabulated below for five experiments. What is the concentration, in molarity, of the NaOH solution?

Exp. No.	Vol. of NaOH (mL)
1	12.5
2	10.5
3	9.0
4	9.0
5	9.0

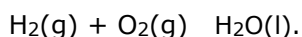
Ans. 0.11

14. Consider the reaction $A \rightleftharpoons B$ at 1000 K. At time 't', the temperature of the system was increased to 2000 K and the system was allowed to reach equilibrium. Throughout this experiment the partial pressure of A was maintained at 1 bar. Given below is the plot of the partial pressure of B with time. What is the ratio of the standard Gibbs energy of the reaction at 1000 K to that at 2000 K?



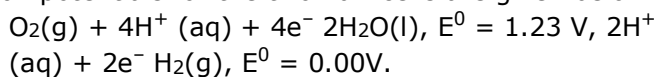
Ans. 0.25

15. Consider a 70% efficient hydrogen-oxygen fuel cell working under standard conditions at 1 bar and 295 K. Its cell reaction is



The work derived from the cell on the consumption of 1.0×10^{-3} mol of $\text{H}_2(\text{g})$ is used to compress 1.00 mol of a monatomic ideal gas in a thermally insulated container. What is the change in the temperature (in K) of the ideal gas?

The standard reduction potentials for the two half-cells are given below.



Use $F = 96500 \text{ C mol}^{-1}$, $R = 8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$.

Ans. 13.32

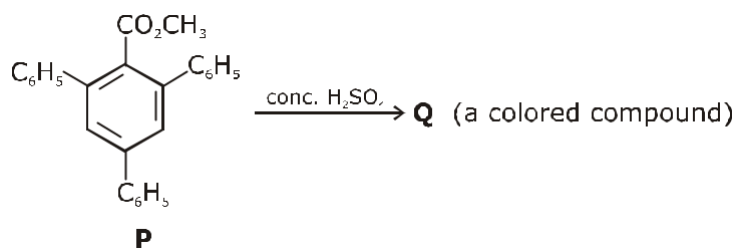
16. Aluminium reacts with sulfuric acid to form aluminium sulfate and hydrogen. What is the volume of hydrogen gas in liters (L) produced at 300 K and 1.0 atm pressure, when 5.4 g of aluminium and 50.0 mL of 5.0 M sulfuric acid are combined for the reaction?
(Use molar mass of aluminium as 27.0 g mol^{-1} , $R = 0.082 \text{ atm L mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$)

Ans. 6.15 Liter

17. $^{238}_{92}\text{U}$ is known to undergo radioactive decay to form $^{206}_{82}\text{Pb}$ by emitting alpha and beta particles. A rock initially contained $68 \times 10^{-6} \text{ g}$ of $^{238}_{92}\text{U}$. If the number of alpha particles that it would emit during its radioactive decay of $^{238}_{92}\text{U}$ to $^{206}_{82}\text{Pb}$ in three half-lives is $Z \times 10^{18}$, then what is the value of Z?

Ans. 1.21

18. In the following reaction, compound Q is obtained from compound P via an ionic intermediate.



What is the degree of unsaturation of Q ?

Ans. 18