

IIT-JEE (MAIN/ADVANCED) • NEET • BOARDS • NTSE • KVPY

PHYSICS QUESTION PAPER WITH SOLUTION

(CODE - Paper 1)



SECTION 1 (Maximum Marks: 18)

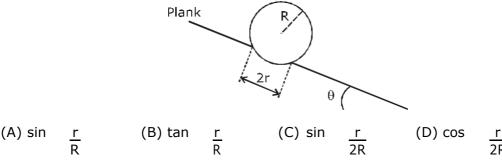
- This section contains **SIX** (06) questions.
- Each question has **FOUR** options. **ONLY ONE** of these four options is the correct answer.
- For each question, choose the option corresponding to the correct answer.
- Answer to each question will be evaluated <u>according to the following marking scheme</u>:

Full marks : +3 If ONLY the correct option is chosen;

If none of the options is chosen (i.e. the question is

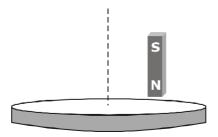
Zero Marks : 0 unanswered); Negative Marks : -1 In all other cases.

1. A football of radius R is kept on a hole of radius r (r < R) made on a plank kept horizontally. One end of the plank is now lifted so that it gets tilted making an angle from the horizontal as shown in the figure below. The maximum value of so that the football does not start rolling down the plank satisfies (figure is schematic and not drawn to scale)



Ans. A

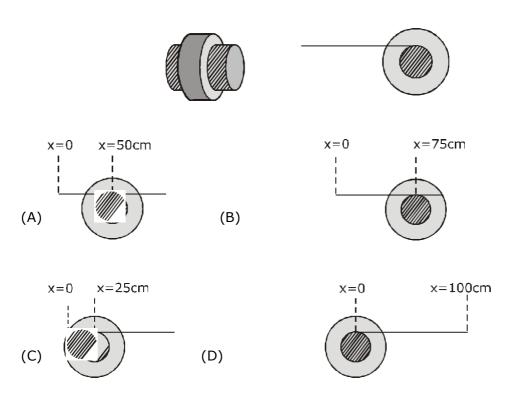
2. A light disc made of aluminium (a nonmagnetic material) is kept horizontally and is free to rotate about its axis as shown in the figure. A strong magnet is held vertically at a point above the disc away from its axis. On revolving the magnet about the axis of the disc, the disc will (figure is schematic and not drawn to scale)



- (A) rotate in the direction opposite to the direction of magnet's motion
- (B) rotate in the same direction as the direction of magnet's motion
- (C) not rotate and its temperature will remain unchanged
- (D) not rotate but its temperature will slowly rise

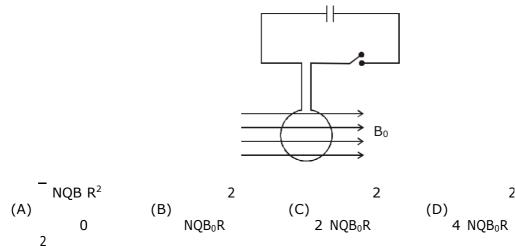
Ans. B

3. A small roller of diameter 20 cm has an axle of diameter 10 cm (see figure below on the left). It is on a horizontal floor and a meter scale is positioned horizontally on its axle with one edge of the scale on top of the axle (see figure on the right). The scale is now pushed slowly on the axle so that it moves without slipping on the axle, and the roller starts rolling without slipping. After the roller has moved 50 cm, the position of the scale will look like (figures are schematic and not drawn to scale)



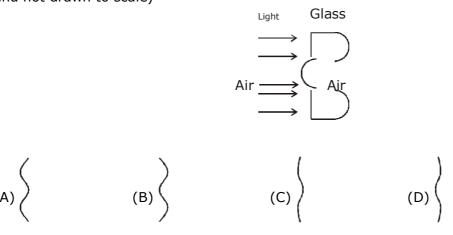
Ans. B

4. A circular coil of radius R and N turns has negligible resistance. As shown in the schematic figure, its two ends are connected to two wires and it is hanging by those wires with its plane being vertical. The wires are connected to a capacitor with charge Q through a switch. The coil is in a horizontal uniform magnetic field B₀ parallel to the plane of the coil. When the switch is closed, the capacitor gets discharged through the coil in a very short time. By the time the capacitor is discharged fully, magnitude of the angular momentum gained by the coil will be (assume that the discharge time is so short that the coil has hardly rotated during this time)



Ans. B

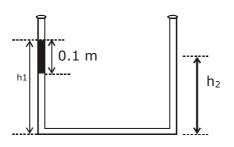
5. A parallel beam of light strikes a piece of transparent glass having cross section as shown in the figure below. Correct shape of the emergent wavefront will be (figures are schematic and not drawn to scale)



Ans. A

6. An open-ended U-tube of uniform cross-sectional area contains water (density 10^3 kg m⁻³). Initially the water level stands at 0.29 m from the bottom in each arm. Kerosene oil (a water-immiscible liquid) of density 800 kg m⁻³ is added to the left arm until its length is 0.1 m, as shown in the

 $\frac{h_1}{}$ of the heights of the liquid in the two arms schematic figure below. The ratio $\frac{h}{2}$





Ans. B

SECTION 2 (Maximum Marks: 24)

- This section contains SIX (06) questions.
- Each question has **FOUR** options. **ONE OR MORE THAN ONE** of these four options(s) is (are) correct answer(s).
- For each question, choose the option(s) corresponding to (all) the correct answer(s).
- Answer to each question will be evaluated <u>according to the following marking scheme</u>:

Full marks : +4 If only (all) the correct option(s) is (are) chosen;

Partial Marks : +3 If all the four options are correct but ONLY three options are

chosen:

If three or more options are correct but ONLY two options are

Partial Marks : +2 chosen,

both of which are correct;

If two or more options are correct but ONLY one option is chosen

Partial Marks : +1 and

it is a correct option;

If none of the options is chosen (i.e. the question is

Zero Marks : 0 unanswered); Negative Marks : -2 In all other cases.



7. A particle of mass m moves in circular orbits with potential energy V(r) = Fr, where F is a positive constant and r is its distance from the origin. Its energies are calculated using the Bohr model. If the radius of the particle's orbit is denoted by R and its speed and energy are denoted by v and E,

respectively, then for the nth orbit (here h is the Planck's constant)

(A) R
$$n^{1/3}$$
 and v $n^{2/3}$

(B) R
$$n^{2/3}$$
 and v $n^{1/3}$

 $_{n}2_{h}2_{F}2^{-1/3}$

Ans. B,C

8. The filament of a light bulb has surface area 64 mm². The filament can be considered as a black body at temperature 2500 K emitting radiation like a point source when viewed from far. At night the light bulb is observed from a distance of 100 m. Assume the pupil of the eyes of the observer to be circular with radius 3 mm. Then

(Take Stefan-Boltzmann constant = 5.67×10^{-8} Wm⁻²K⁻⁴, Wien's displacement constant = 2.90×10^{-3} m-K, Planck's constant = 6.63×10^{-34} Js, speed of light in vacuum = 3.00×10^{8} ms^{-1})

- (A) power radiated by the filament is in the range 642 W to 645 W
- (B) radiated power entering into one eye of the observer is in the range 3.15×10^{-8} W to 3.25×10⁻⁸ W
- (C) the wavelength corresponding to the maximum intensity of light is 1160 nm
- (D) taking the average wavelength of emitted radiation to be 1740 nm, the total number of photons

entering per second into one eye of the observer is in the range 2.75×10¹¹ to

 2.85×10^{11} Ans. B,C,D

9. Sometimes it is convenient to construct a system of units so that all quantities can be expressed in terms of only one physical quantity. In one such system, dimensions of different quantities are given in terms of a quantity X as follows: [position] = [X]; [speed] = [X]; [acceleration] = [X^p];

[linear momentum] = [Xq]; [force] = [Xr]. Then

(A)
$$+ p = 2$$

(B)
$$p + q - r =$$
 (C) $p - q + r =$

(C)
$$p - a + r =$$

(D)
$$p + a + r =$$

Ans. A,B

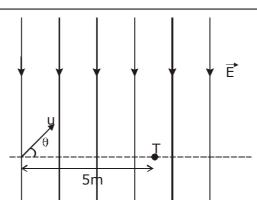
 $400/3^{\text{y}}$ yNC $^{\text{1}}$ is applied in a region. A charged particle of mass **Q.10** A uniform electric field, E

carrying positive charge q is projected in this region with an initial speed of 2/10 10^{6} ms ¹ . This

particle is aimed to hit a target T, which is 5 m away from its entry point into the field as shown

schematically in the figure. Take $m^q 10^{10}$ Ckg 1 . Then

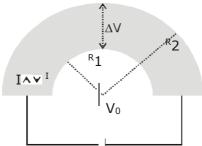




- (A) the particle will hit T if projected at an angle 45° from the horizontal
- (B) the particle will hit T if projected either at an angle 30° or 60° from the horizontal
- (C) time taken by the particle to hit T could be 6 s as well as $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$ s
- (D) time taken by the particle to hit T is $\frac{5}{3}$ s

Ans. B,C

11. Shown in the figure is a semicircular metallic strip that has thickness t and resistivity . Its inner radius is R_1 and outer radius is R_2 . If a voltage V_0 is applied between its two ends, a current I flows in it. In addition, it is observed that a transverse voltage V develops between its inner and outer surfaces due to purely kinetic effects of moving electrons (ignore any role of the magnetic field due to the current). Then (figure is schematic and not drawn to scale)

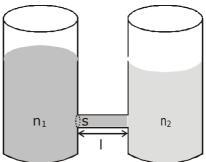


- (A) I $^{V}0$ In $^{R}2$ R_{1}
- (B) the outer surface is at a higher voltage than the inner surface
- (C) the outer surface is at a lower voltage than the inner surface
- (D) $V I^2$

Ans. A,C,D



As shown schematically in the figure, two vessels contain water solutions (at temperature T) of potassium permanganate (KMnO₄) of different concentrations n_1 and n_2 ($n_1 > n_2$) molecules per unit volume with $n = (n_1 - n_2) n_1$. When they are connected by a tube of small length I and cross-sectional area S, KMnO₄ starts to diffuse from the left to the right vessel through the tube. Consider the collection of molecules to behave as dilute ideal gases and the difference in their partial pressure in the two vessels causing the diffusion. The speed v of the molecules is limited by the viscous force v on each molecule, where is a constant. Neglecting all terms of the order (n)², which of the following is/are correct? (k_B is the Boltzmann constant)



- (A) the force causing the molecules to move across the tube is nk_BTS
- (B) force balance implies n_1 vI= nk_BT

 $n k_B T_S$

- (C) total number of molecules going across the tube per sec is I
- (D) rate of molecules getting transferred through the tube does not change with time

Ans. A,B,C

SECTION 3 (Maximum Marks: 24)

- This section contains **SIX (06)** questions. The answer to each question is a **NUMERICAL VALUE**.
- For each question, enter the correct numerical value of the answer using the mouse and the on-screen virtual numeric keypad in the place designated to enter the answer. If the numerical value has more than two decimal places, truncate/round -off the value to **TWO** decimal places.
- Answer to each question will be evaluated <u>according to the following marking scheme</u>:

If ONLY the correct numerical value is

Full marks : +4 entered;

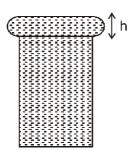
Zero Marks : 0 In all other cases.



- 13. Put a uniform meter scale horizontally on your extended index fingers with the left one at 0.00 cm and the right one at 90.00 cm. When you attempt to move both the fingers slowly towards the center, initially only the left finger slips with respect to the scale and the right finger does not. After some distance, the left finger stops and the right one starts slipping. Then the right finger stops at a distance x_R from the center (50.00 cm) of the scale and the left one starts slipping again. This happens because of the difference in the frictional forces on the two fingers. If the
 - coefficients of static and dynamic friction between the fingers and the scale are 0.40 and 0.32, respectively, the value of x_R (in cm) is ______.

Ans. 25.60

14. When water is filled carefully in a glass, one can fill it to a height h above the rim of the glass due to the surface tension of water. To calculate h just before water starts flowing, model the shape of the water above the rim as a disc of thickness h having semicircular edges, as shown schematically in the figure. When the pressure of water at the bottom of this disc exceeds what can be withstood due to the surface tension, the water surface breaks near the rim and water starts flowing from there. If the density of water, its surface tension and the acceleration due to gravity are 10³kg m⁻³, 0.07 Nm⁻¹ and 10 ms⁻², respectively, the value of h (in mm) is _______.



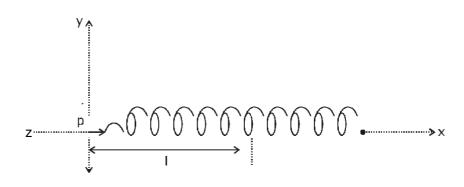
Ans. 3.74

- **15.** One end of a spring of negligible unstretched length and spring constant k is fixed at the origin (0,0). A point particle of mass m carrying a positive charge q is attached at its other end. The entire system is kept on a smooth horizontal surface. When a point dipole p pointing towards the
 - charge q is fixed at the origin, the spring gets stretched to a length I and attains a new equilibrium position (see figure below). If the point mass is now displaced slightly by I I from its equilibrium

position and released, it is found to oscillate at frequency

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}}$$
. The value of is





Ans. 3.14

16. Consider one mole of helium gas enclosed in a container at initial pressure P_1 and volume V_1 . It expands isothermally to volume $4V_1$. After this, the gas expands adiabatically and its volume becomes $32V_1$. The work done by the gas during isothermal and adiabatic expansion processes are

and , respectively. If the
$$\frac{\text{wiso}}{\text{f ln 2}}$$
 , then f is _____. o ia $\frac{\text{wadi}}{\text{a}}$

Ans. 1.77

17. A stationary tuning fork is in resonance with an air column in a pipe. If the tuning fork is moved with a speed of 2 ms⁻¹ in front of the open end of the pipe and parallel to it, the length of the pipe should be changed for the resonance to occur with the moving tuning fork. If the speed of sound in air is 320 ms⁻¹, the smallest value of the percentage change required in the length of the pipe is

Ans. 0.62

A circular disc of radius R carries surface charge density (r)= $0-\frac{1}{R}$, where is a constant and R

r is the distance from the centre of the disc. Electric flux through a large spherical surface that encloses the charged disc completely is $_{0}$. Electric flux through another spherical surface of radius

R and concentric with the disc is . Then the ratio 0 is______.4

Ans. 6.4

